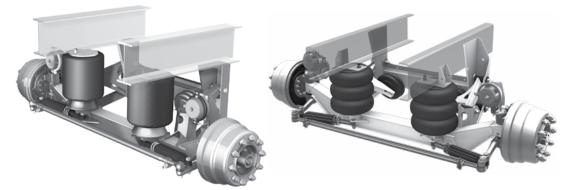
# **RSS-232/232T - 8K-10K-13K** Self-Steering Auxiliary Axle Suspension



# **Installation and Service Manual**

Suspension Identification	2
Prior to Installation	3
Suspension Mounting	4
Wheel Toe Setting	5
Air Control Kit Components - Lift Axle Plumbing Example - Air Control Kit w/ Lift-In-Reverse system Lift Axle Control Module (LACM) with Lift-In-Reverse system	
Maintenance Recommended Service Intervals	8
8K-10K-13K Bushing Replacement Kit/Procedure Truck Suspension/Drum Brake Axle Components	
Warranty	12



#### SUSPENSION IDENTIFICATION

(	RIDEWELL SUSPENSIONS The Engineered Suspension Company					
	PART NO:					
	SUSP. NO:					
	SERIAL NO:					
	GROSS AXLE WEIGHT RATING CERTIFICATION IS PER THE FINAL STAGE MANUFACTURER OR ALTERER.					
	THIS PRODUCT MAY BE COVERED UNDER ONE OR MORE PATENTS, ADDITIONAL PATENTS MAY BE PENDING.					
١.	www.ridewellcorp.com (800) 641-4122					

#### **Suspension Identification Tag**

The **Part Number** is listed as a 606xxxx Installation/ Assembly Number when additional components are factory installed onto the suspension.

The **Suspension Number** and **Serial Number** list the individual suspension and date of manufacture.

Refer to the suspension number/part number and serial number when contacting Ridewell for customer service, replacement parts and warranty information.

#### **Notes and Cautions**

All work should be completed by a trained technician using the proper tools and safe work procedures.

Read through the entire Installation and Service Manual (ISM) before performing any installation or maintenance procedures.

The ISM uses two types of service notes to provide important safety guidelines, prevent equipment damage and ensure the suspension operates correctly.

The service notes are defined as:

"NOTE": Provides additional instructions or procedures to complete tasks and make sure that the suspension functions properly.

**CAUTION** Indicates a hazardous situation or unsafe practice that, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage and serious injury.



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#### Notes on Self-Steering Option

Self-steering suspensions are designed to steer only in the forward direction. The suspension should be raised off the ground or locked into a non-steering configuration during reverse travel to avoid damaging the suspension.

Ridewell Suspensions strongly recommends the use of automated systems that raise/lock the lift-axle during reverse travel. For manual operations, Ridewell recommends the installation of a visual/audible indicator to assist the driver.

Use caution when maneuvering in reverse with the steering lock engaged. The driver should maintain slow maneuvering speeds and avoid extreme turns.

**CAUTION** Failure to lift the suspension and-or engage the steering-lock during reverse travel can cause component damage and void the warranty.

## **Prior to Installation**

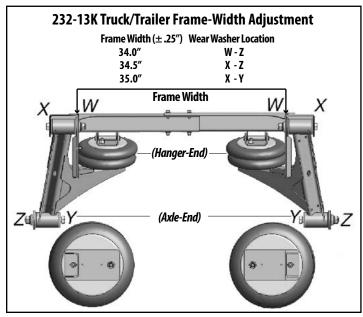


Figure 1. 232-8K-10K-13K Truck/Trailer Frame-Width Adjustment

RSS-232 suspension are provided at pre-configured frame-widths or the width can be adjusted before installing the suspension.

Adjust the frame-width by moving the two crosschannel sections along the center slot to the desired width and temporarily bolt-in-place.

Attach the hangers, drill through the supplied pilot holes and bolt the two sections together.

Shim washers (wear washers) are installed on the pivot connections to align the torque rods (Figure 1).

#### **Engineering Drawing**

Refer to the suspension model engineering drawing for dimensional requirements; available ride height; and, the suspension operating parameters.

Installations can vary. Procedures should be adapted for different vehicles, as needed.

- The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) is determined by the system component with the lowest load rating. Please consult with the tire, wheel, axle and brake manufacturers before installation to determine the GAWR.
- If vehicle chassis modifications are required, consult with the vehicle manufacturer to ensure that such changes are permitted.
- Welding or altering of suspension components is not permitted without the express written permission of Ridewell Suspensions.

## **Installer Responsibilities**

The installer of the suspension has the sole responsibility for proper attachment of the suspension system to the vehicle chassis.

- The installer is responsible for locating the suspension system on the vehicle to provide the proper load distribution.
- The installer must verify that vehicle crossmembers are positioned to support the suspension at the installing location.
- The installer must verify there is sufficient clearance for proper functioning of the installed auxiliary suspension – air springs; brake chambers; steering components; axle (including axle to driveline clearance); and, tires and wheels.
- It is the installer's responsibility to determine that axle spacing conforms to any applicable federal and local bridge laws.
- The installer must verify air reservoir volume requirements are met after suspension installation. Consult the vehicle manufacturer or the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS) 121 for more information.

# **Suspension Mounting**

Refer to the engineering drawing for the range of available ride heights as well as the spacing and clearance requirements of the suspension.

Both the air spring mounting plate and (P/N 6100043) installation tool can be used to position the hanger at a given ride height.

The ride height can be adjusted by installing a 1" or 2" spacer on the air spring mounting plates.

An installed spacer requires a change from the standard 8-inch bolting rail height (the portion of the hanger extending above the bottom of the frame). Predrilled holes are provided to locate the hanger flange at the correct bolting rail height.

## (Trailer) - Weld-On Installation Procedure

The engineering drawing.shows recommended locations of customer-furnished filler plates/crossmembers for the hangers and air spring mounting plates.

Before welding, check the location for sufficient clearances in both the raised and lowered positions.

**CAUTION** The welding method used must develop a minimum weld tensile strength of 70,000 psi per AWS specifications.

### (Truck) - Bolt-On Installation Procedure

Grade-8 bolts, flanged locknuts or locknuts with hardened washers for suspension mounting are supplied by the installer.

RSS-232 Suspension Systems are shipped fully assembled. If the suspension system is taken apart for installation, components must be reassembled with the proper torque applied (Page 9).

Suspension hangers are attached to the vehicle frame with six 5/8-inch bolts in each hanger. Air spring mounting brackets require two 5/8-inch bolts in each bracket.

- 1. Measure the vehicle frame width and the hangerto-hanger inside dimensions of the suspension. Customer-supplied filler plates are required for the hangers and air spring mounting brackets if the vehicle frame width is narrower than that of the suspension.
- 2. Place the suspension (with hanger and air spring filler plates and air spring mounting plate spacer(s), if required) in desired location. NOTE: A crossmember must be located on the frame within six inches of the leading or trailing edge of the hanger.

- 3. Check that the location provides adequate clearance for suspension components. Make sure the top of the hangers and air spring mounting plates are parallel to the chassis frame to maintain the proper caster angle.
- 4. Hangers and air spring mounting plates should be perpendicular to the chassis frame and in alignment with each other. Clamp the hangers, mounting plates, and spacer and filler plates (if required) firmly in place.
- 5. Refer to the engineering drawing for recommended bolt-hole locations on the hangers and air spring mounting plates. If using the recommended bolt locations is not possible, space the bolt holes as far apart as possible to provide the greatest support for the suspension.
  ACAUTION Check to make sure that wires, hoses or other components located within the frame rail are not affected by drilling.
- 6. Center punch and drill six bolt-holes in each hanger. Bolt each hanger to the frame with six 5/8-inch bolts and locknuts.
- 7. Center punch and drill two bolt-holes in each air spring mounting bracket. Bolt each bracket to the frame with two 5/8-inch bolts and locknuts.
- 8. Install/connect the air control kit (ACK) to the suspension (Page 6). Check air system after installation for leaks and proper controls operation.
- 9. Perform final assembly and inspection and check the wheel toe setting (Page 5)

**CAUTION** Failure to torque suspension components to specifications can result in failure of the suspension and voiding of the warranty.

## **Final Assembly and Inspection**

- 1. Verify all suspension component fasteners are torqued to specifications (Page 9).
- Install wheels and tires.
   ALAUTION When lowering an auxiliary axle on an unloaded vehicle, pressure to the load air springs must be reduced to below 10 psi.
   Failure to reduce the air pressure could cause the vehicle's drive axles to rise from the ground and the vehicle could roll in an unsafe manner.
- Check that tires are inflated to recommended pressure. Check wheel hubs for proper level of lubricant as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 4. Lift the axle to the raised position. Check the air system tubing and connections for leaks.
- 5. Check that wheels can rotate freely and that brakes and slack adjusters are properly adjusted.
- 6. Raise and lower the suspension assembly (wheels and tires installed) through the entire range of travel. Make sure that sufficient clearances for air springs, brake chambers and other components has been provided.
- Check the vehicle's reverse travel options:
   7.1. Check steer lock operation (if installed).
  - 7.2. Check automated system (if installed) to make sure that suspension raises/locks wheels during reverse travel.

Check wheel toe-in setting and adjust, if necessary (between 1/32" and 3/32").

**CAUTION** Failure to check reverse travel operations can result in component damage and void the warranty.

**CAUTION** Do not lower the auxiliary axle while the vehicle is moving above 10 mph.

#### Regulate load capacity with air spring pressure

The load capacity of the auxiliary axle is adjusted by increasing or decreasing the air pressure to the load springs.

By applying more air, the lift axle takes on the greater percentage of the load's weight. The load capacity is decreased as the air spring pressure decreases.

Accurate readings of the load capacity can be obtained by parking a loaded vehicle over a calibrated scale and lowering the axle onto the scale.

The air pressure to the air springs is then manually adjusted up or down to obtain the axle load weight at various air pressures.

**CAUTION** Do not exceed the rated load capacity of the suspension system or other components. Exceeding the capacity can cause component failure and void the warranty.

## **Wheel Toe Setting**

Wheel toe is the relationship of the distance between the front of the tires and the distance between the rear of the tires on the same axle.

When the front distance is less than the rear distance, the wheels are in a "toe-in" (positive toe) condition.

The correct setting for the RSS-232 suspension should be a positive toe-in between 1/32" and 3/32".

## **Check Wheel Toe Setting**

- 8. Deflate the air springs.
- 9. Lift the axle enough for tires to rotate freely. Support with jack stands to ensure axle is level.
- 10. Position tires to point straight ahead. Spin each tire. Use a piece of chalk to mark a line on the center tread all the way around each tire.
- 11. Use a tape measure to measure the distance between the center mark at the front and the rear of the tires.
- 12. Subtract the distance measured at the front of the tires from the distance measured at the rear of the tires to obtain the wheel toe setting (between 1/32" and 3/32").

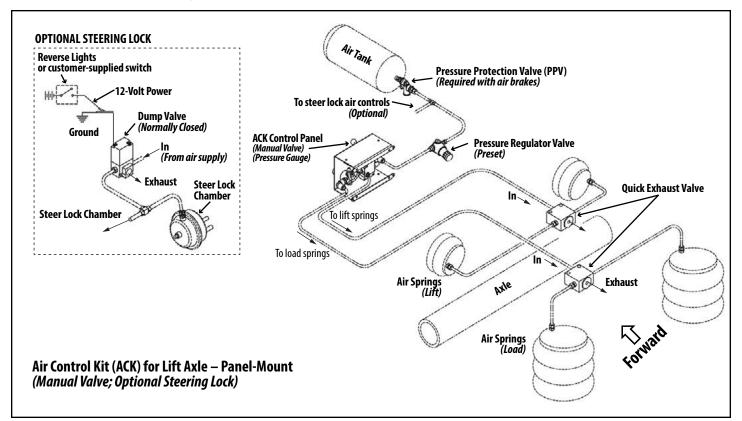
#### **Adjust Wheel Toe**

- 13. Loosen the clamps on both ends of the tie rod. Twist the tie rod forward/backward to move the front of the tires towards or away from each other (increase/decrease toe-in setting).
- 14. Continue rotating the tie rod until the proper toein setting is achieved.
- 15. Torque the tie-rod clamps to 50 ft-lb (68 N-m).

## Air Control Kit Components - Lift Axle

The air control kit (ACK) consists of a pressure regulator with a gauge connected to an air valve controlled by a manual knob or an electric switch. The operator uses the ACK to control the pressure to the air springs to support different loads.

**CAUTION** The installer is responsible for making sure that air system requirements comply with the appropriate Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards.



### **TROUBLESHOOTING – AIR CONTROL KIT**

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Air springs fill but do not exhaust.	<ul><li>Obstructed air line.</li><li>Faulty controls wiring.</li><li>Manual override pushed in.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Check for pinched/blocked lines.</li> <li>Check wiring w/ voltmeter. Correct wiring/installation</li> <li>Release manual override.</li> </ul>
Air system leaks down after a short period of time.	<ul> <li>Leak in air system beyond accepted standards. NOTE: Some valves will leak at an acceptable rate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pressurize system and spray soapy water solution onto tubing, valves and fittings. Check for bubbles (leaks).</li> <li>Check that tubing cuts are straight and smooth. Re-cut and reassemble fitting joints, if necessary.</li> </ul>
Auxiliary unit will not stay up	<ul><li>Loose air fitting connection/Damaged air lines.</li><li>Air lines to lift and load air springs are reversed.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Check and retighten fittings. Repair or replace component, as necessary.</li> <li>Check installation. Air line from regulator goes to (load) air springs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Damaged or worn air springs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace air spring if worn or damaged.</li> </ul>
Auxiliary unit not achieving	<ul> <li>Air lines to lift and load air springs are reversed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check installation.</li> <li>Air line from regulator goes to (load) air springs.</li> </ul>
correct lift	<ul> <li>Lift air springs do not have proper air pressure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check for loose fittings or worn/damaged lines.</li> <li>Verify air tank pressure with gauge.</li> </ul>
	- Interference with driveline/other chassis components.	<ul> <li>Visually inspect auxiliary unit operation for proper clearance. Retighten any loose fasteners.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Air control system not installed correctly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check air control kit installation; refer to OEM installation procedures.</li> </ul>
BACK TO PAGE 1	Page 6	9710114-RevB-11-13-24 (ENG)232-8K-10K-13K-TRK-TRLR-ISM

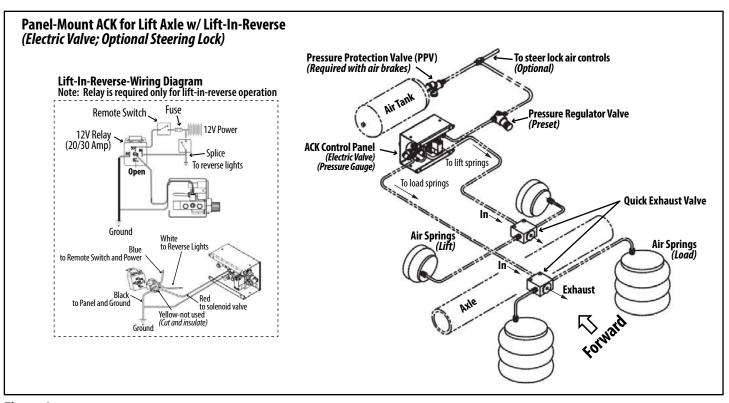
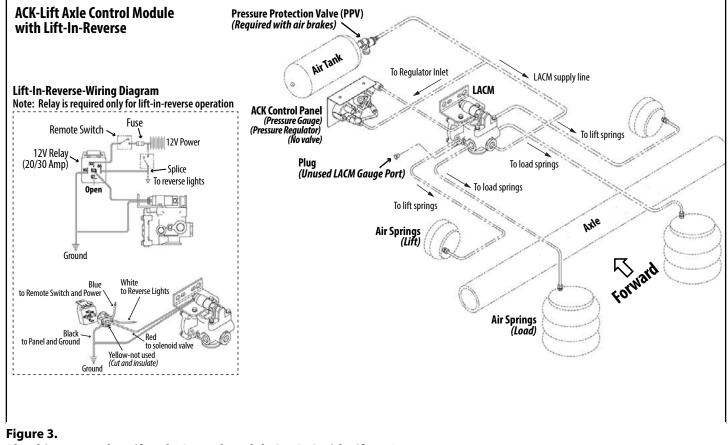


Figure 2. Plumbing Example - Air Control Kit w/ Lift-In-Reverse system



Plumbing Example - Lift Axle Control Module (LACM) with Lift-In-Reverse system

## MAINTENANCE

## **Recommended Service Intervals**

Ridewell Suspensions recommends these minimum service intervals for standard duty, on-highway usage applications. More frequent intervals are recommended for heavier duty applications.

Daily/Pre-Trip Inspections	Annually/100,000 miles of use			
Visually inspect suspension structure for signs of damage or excessive wear.	Inspect pivot connections for worn bushings/ wear washers. Replace if necessary. Torque pivot hardware to specifications (Page 9).			
<ul> <li>Check for loose or missing bolts/nuts.</li> <li>Check for irregular movement in suspension system components.</li> </ul>	Check the suspension hanger and air spring mounting plate connections to frame.			
Check tires for proper inflation, road damage or excessive wear.	<ul> <li>Check lubrication level in wheel ends:</li> <li>1) Oil-Filled Wheel Ends:</li> <li>Refill/Replace lubricant as needed</li> <li>(See TMC RP 631 "100K/Annual Inspection").</li> <li>2) Semi-Fluid Grease:</li> <li>Pull outer bearing and visually inspect lubrication level. Refill/Replace as needed</li> </ul>			
Check wheel-ends for obvious signs of lubri- cant leakage. Check for missing components.				
<u>Make sure air controls are operating properly.</u> Drain all moisture from air reservoirs.				
First 6,000 miles of use	(See TMC RP 631 "Level 3 Lubrication Level			
Torque suspension bolts/nuts to specifications	<ul> <li>Inspection" and TMC RP 618 "Wheel Bearing Adjustment Procedure").</li> </ul>			
(Chart/ENG DWG).	Check air system for leaks.			
Every 12,000 miles of use	Test air system pressure protection valve			
Lubricate Brake Cam and Slack Adjuster.	<ul> <li>(if equipped).</li> <li>Check brake chambers and brakes for damage and proper function.</li> <li>CAUTION Failure to exhaust all pressure from the air system before working on the vehicle can cause serious injury.</li> </ul>			
Grease kingpin thrust bearings. Apply grease in upper and lower grease fittings until new grease is visible at purge location. Wipe excess grease from purge areas and grease fittings.				
Inspect steering damper for damage/wear.	<b>CAUTION</b> Failure to torque components to specifications			
Inspect air springs for damage/excessive wear. Torque bolts/nuts to specifications (Page 9).	can result in suspension failure and void the warranty.			
Check air system for leaks.	Refer to these Technology & Maintenance Council (TMC) Recommended Procedures for additional information:			
First 50,000 miles of use	RP 609 Self-Adjusting/Manual Brake Adjuster Removal, Installation and Maintenance			
Torque suspension bolts/nuts to specifications	RP 618 Wheel Bearing Adjustment Procedure			
(Page 9).	RP 619 Air System Inspection Procedure			
Check wheel ends for excessive play.	RP 622 Wheel Seal and Bearing Maintenance			
Check suspension pivot bushings for wear.	RP 631 Wheel End Lubrication Procedures			
Check operation of (reverse) steering lock	RP 643 Air Ride Suspension Maintenance Guidelines			
(if equipped).	RP 645 Tie-Rod End Inspection/Maintenance			
Verify operation of manual/automatic lift-in- reverse control (if equipped).	RP 651   Steer Axle Maintenance Guidelines			
Inspect tie rod and tie rod ends for damage	Available Wheel-End Lubricants           Lubricant Type         Part No. Item Description			
and wear. Lubricate tie rod ends. Check that	Mineral Oil         380008G         (CITGO) MP GearOil 631310001-80W-90			
tie rod boot is in place and completely over the end of the tie rod.	Synthetic Oil         1980006         (EHGL) / MI dealor of 15 food 1 down 50           Synthetic Oil         1980006         (SHELL) Synthetic API GI-5 75W-90 Oil			
Replace entire tie rod end if boot is damaged.	Synthetic Hard-Pack Grease 1980007 (CITGO) Synthetic Grease			
Back to Page 1	Page 8 9710114-RevB-11-13-24 (ENG)232-8K-10K-13K-TRK-TRLR-ISM			

9710114-RevB-11-13-24 (ENG)232-8K-10K-13K-TRK-TRLR-ISM

232/232T 8K-10K-13K Truck/Trailer Bushing Replacement Kit/Procedure								
Part No. (Suspension Type)	Item Description	Size	TORQU foot-pound	JE VALUES Newton-meter				
6040132 (Truck Suspension)	Bushing Replacement Kit (Traditional Hardware)	3/4"-16NF	350 ft-lb	475 N-m				
6040084	(No Hardware) Bushing Replacement Kit							
6040152 (Trailer Suspension)	Bushing Replacement Kit (Traditional Hardware)							
6040151	(No Hardware) Bushing Replacement Kit							
Fasteners	Bolt/Lock Washer/Nut (Air Spring)	1/2"-13NC	25 ft-lb	35 N-m				
	Locknut (Air Spring)	3/8"-16NC	25 ft-lb	35 N-m				
	Locknut (Air Spring)	3/4"-16NF	50 ft-lb	68 N-m				
	Bolt/Locknut (Crosschannel)	5/8"-11NC	50 ft-lb	68 N-m				
	Locknut (Steering Damper)	3/4"-10NC	160 ft-lb	217 N-m				

*Torque values reflect a lubricated thread condition (Nuts are pre-lubed). Do not overtorque.* 

**CAUTION** Suspension is shipped with minimal torque applied to fasteners. All fasteners must be retorqued after first 6,000 miles of operation. Failure to install and maintain fasteners at torque specifications could result in suspension failure and void the warranty.

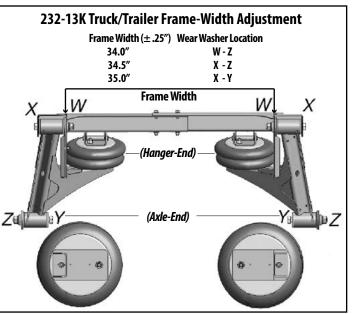
## Vehicle Preparation

Park the vehicle on a level surface. Chock wheels to keep vehicle from moving. Exhaust all air from the air system. Disassemble suspension, if necessary, to reach pivot connections.

**CAUTION** Failure to properly chock wheels and exhaust the air system could allow vehicle movement that could result in serious injury.

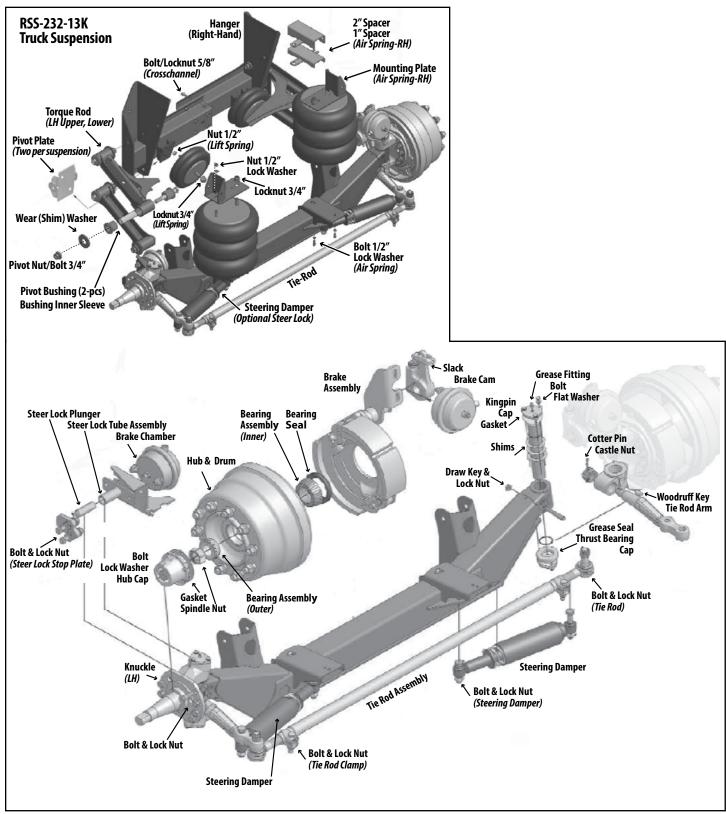
## **Bushing Replacement Procedure**

- 1. Count the number of wear washers on each side of the torque rod assemblies. The total number of wear washers on each side varies according to the preset frame-width (Figure 4).
- 2. Remove the pivot hardware and discard.
- 3. Inspect the wear washers for excessive wear/damage. Replace, if necessary.
- 4. Remove bushing assembly from torque rod and discard. Use a wire brush to clean the rod-eye of-foreign debris/corrosion.
- Apply Energy Suspensions<sup>®</sup> Formula 5 Prelube to the bore (inside) of new bushings. NOTE: Do not substitute - special urethane bushing lubricant included with all bushing kits.
- 6. Install new bushing into the eye of the torque rod. NOTE: Mallet /press needed to install the bushing.
- Hanger-End Torque Rod Assembly -Press inner sleeve into the installed bushing. Center the sleeve so that both ends extend slightly past the sides of the bushing/wear washer. Assemble the pivot connection with wear washer on appropriate side of the bushing (Figure 4).



#### Figure 4. Install wear washers at marked locations to obtain proper suspension alignment.

- 8. Axle-End Torque Rod Assembly -Press inner sleeve into the installed bushing. Center the sleeve so that both ends extend slightly past the sides of the bushing. Assemble the pivot connection with wear washer on appropriate side of the bushing (Figure 4).
- 9. Tighten pivot hardware to 350 ft-lb (475 N-m).
- 10. Reassemble suspension, if necessary. Torque all components to specifications (Chart).
- 11. Check wheel toe-in setting (between 1/32" and 3/32"). Adjust, if necessary.



#### Figure 5.

RSS-232-8K-10K-13K Truck Suspension/Drum Brake Axle (Steer Lock version) Refer to the Steer Lock (S) version of the engineering drawing for the individual component part number.

#### WARRANTY

#### Terms and coverage in this warranty apply only to the United States and Canada.

Ridewell Suspensions warrants the suspension systems manufactured by it to be free of defects in material and workmanship. Warranty coverage applies only to suspensions that have been properly installed, maintained and operated within the rated capacity and recommended application of the suspension. The responsibility for warranty coverage is limited to the repair/replacement of suspension parts. The liability for coverage of purchased components is limited to the original warranty coverage extended by the manufacturer of the purchased part.

All work under warranty must have prior written approval from the Ridewell warranty department. Ridewell has the sole discretion and authority to approve or deny a claim and authorize the repair or replacement of suspension parts. All parts must be held until the warranty claim is closed.

Parts that need to be returned for warranty evaluation will be issued a Returned Materials Authorization (RMA). Parts must be returned to Ridewell with the transportation charges prepaid. The transportation charges will be reimbursed if the warranty claim is approved.

This non-transferable warranty is in lieu of all other expressed or implied warranties or representations, including any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness or any obligations on the part of Ridewell. Ridewell will not be liable for any business interruptions, loss of profits, personal injury, any costs of travel delays or for any other special, indirect, incidental or consequential losses, costs or damages.

Contact the Ridewell Warranty Dept. at 417.833.4565 - Ext. 135, for complete warranty information.